## Unit 3.2 Study Guide

### The Mexican National Era (Chapter 8)

#### Expectations of the Student
- Identify the Mexican National Era of Texas History and define its characteristics
- Apply chronology to the Mexican National Era with events that happened between 1821-1827
- Identify the individuals, issues, and events related to Mexico becoming an independent nation and its impact on Texas, including Texas involvement in the fight for independence, the Mexican Federal Constitution of 1824, the merger of Texas and Coahuila as a state, the State Colonization Law of 1825, and slavery
- Identify the contributions of significant individuals, including Moses Austin, Stephen F. Austin, Erasmo Seguin, Martin de Leon, and Green DeWitt, during the Mexican settlement of Texas

#### Essential Questions:
- Why was Stephen F. Austin successful as a colonizer?
- What actions were taken by the Mexican government once it became independent of Spain?
- What were the Spanish, Mexican, and Anglo purposes for/methods of settlement?

### Essential Topics of Significance
- Why Moses wanted to settle TX
- How SFA advertised for colonists
- How Mexican Independence affected SFA
- What difficulties the new colonists faced
- “The Old 300”
- Mexican Federal Constitution of 1824
- Coahuila y Tejas
- Mexican Colonization Law of 1824
- State Colonization Law of 1825
- The “Little Colony”
- Why SFA’s colonies succeeded
- Imperial Colonization Law
- Towns: San Felipe de Austin, Bastrop, Gonzales, Refugio, Victoria

### Essential People
- Moses Austin
- Stephen Fuller Austin
- Erasmo Seguin
- Martin de Leon
- Patricia de la Garza de Leon
- Green DeWitt
- Baron de Bastrop

### Essential Vocabulary
- Anglo American
- Depression
- Survey
- Empresario
- Militia
- Federalist
- Centralist
- Dowry
- Department

### Note to Remember
- There will be no summative test or quiz to cover Unit 3.2. Instead, there will be an in-class summative project.